Virginia Department of Rail & Public Transportation

Operating
Assistance
Performance
Metrics
& Scenarios

Presentation

November 13, 2018













Agenda

- Potential Performance Metrics
- Performance Metrics Scenario Results
- Next Steps



Understanding Performance Metrics

- Performance metrics measure the performance of a transit agency with respect to:
 - Agency's own performance
 - Statewide trends
- Performance metrics are based on a 3-year rolling average to minimize volatility
- In contrast to sizing metrics, performance metrics can encompass ratios (e.g. cost per revenue vehicle hour) that do not reflect an agency's size



Current Performance Metrics Application

- 3 weighted metrics
 - —25% Passengers per Revenue Hour
 - —25% Passengers per Revenue Mile
 - —50% Net Cost Per Passenger
- Currently applied only to performance funding share of operating assistance (approximately 1/3 of allocation)
- Future application to entire operating assistance allocation



Potential performance metrics

- Previous work has reviewed a series of potential performance metrics:
 - Productivity:
 - —Passengers per Vehicle Revenue Hour/Mile (from OLGA)
 - —Passenger Mile per Vehicle Revenue Mile (NTD only)
 - Perceived Service Quality:
 - —On-Time Performance
 - —Passenger Load Factor (potentially during peak period)



Additional performance metrics

- Operational performance:
 - Cost per Revenue Vehicle Hour
 - Cost per Revenue Vehicle Mile
 - Operating Cost per Passenger (instead of Net Cost)



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Alignment of Performance Metrics with Policy Objectives

Performance Metric	Promotes Fiscal Responsibility	Incentivizes Efficient Operations	Supports Robust Transit Service	Rewards Higher Patronage	Promotes Mobility	Supports Social Safety Net
On-Time Performance		✓			✓	
Passenger Load Factor		✓		✓	✓	
Cost per Revenue Vehicle Hour	√	√				
Passengers per Revenue Hour				✓	√	
Cost per Revenue Vehicle Mile	✓	√				
Passengers per Revenue Mile				√	√	
Passenger Miles per Vehicle Revenue Mile		√	✓	√	√	
Net Cost Per Passenger	✓	✓				
Operating Cost per Passenger	✓	✓				

Alignment of Performance Metrics with Policy Objectives: Usable Options

Performance Metric	Promotes Fiscal Responsibility	Incentivizes Efficient Operations	Supports Robust Transit Service	Rewards Higher Patronage	Promotes Mobility	Social	Data Exists for All Agencies
On-Time Performance		✓			✓		
Passenger Load Factor		✓		✓	✓		
Cost per Revenue Vehicle Hour	✓	✓					√
Passengers per Revenue Hour				✓	✓		✓
Cost per Revenue Vehicle Mile	✓	✓					✓
Passengers per Revenue Mile				✓	√		✓
Passenger Miles per Vehicle Revenue Mile		✓		✓	√		
Net Cost Per Passenger	✓	✓					✓
Operating Cost per Passenger	√	✓					✓



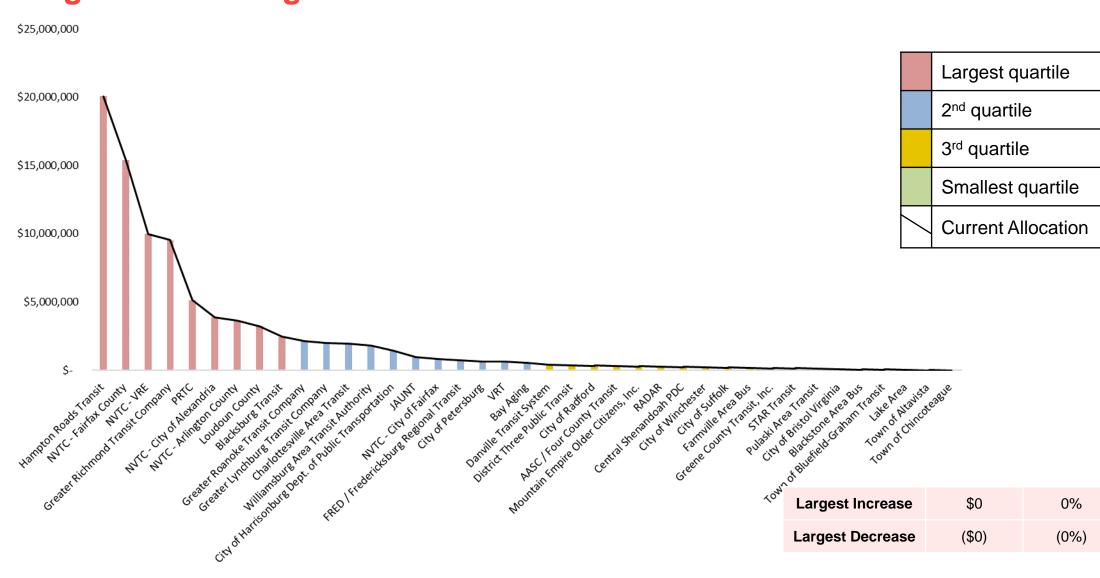
Scenarios Presented in this Document

- Start with Scenario C-Capped from TSDAC Sizing presentation:
 - Sizing based on Operating Cost (50%), Ridership (30%), Revenue Hours and Revenue Miles (10% each)
 - Current performance adjustment metrics are used: Net Cost per Passenger (50%), Passengers per Revenue Hour and Passengers per Revenue Mile (25% each)
- Introduce the following variations on performance metrics:
 - Variation 1: replaces Net Cost per Passenger with Operating Cost per Passenger
 - Variation 2: replaces Passengers per Revenue Hour and Revenue Mile with Cost per Revenue Hour and Revenue Mile (25% each)
 - Variation 3: same as variation 2, but replaces Net Cost per Passenger with Operating Cost per Passenger
 - Variation 4: uses 5 metrics at 20% each (Passengers per Revenue Hour, Passengers per Revenue Mile, Cost per Revenue Hour, Cost per Revenue Mile and Operating Cost per Passenger)



FY19 Actual Allocations (Traditional and Performance)

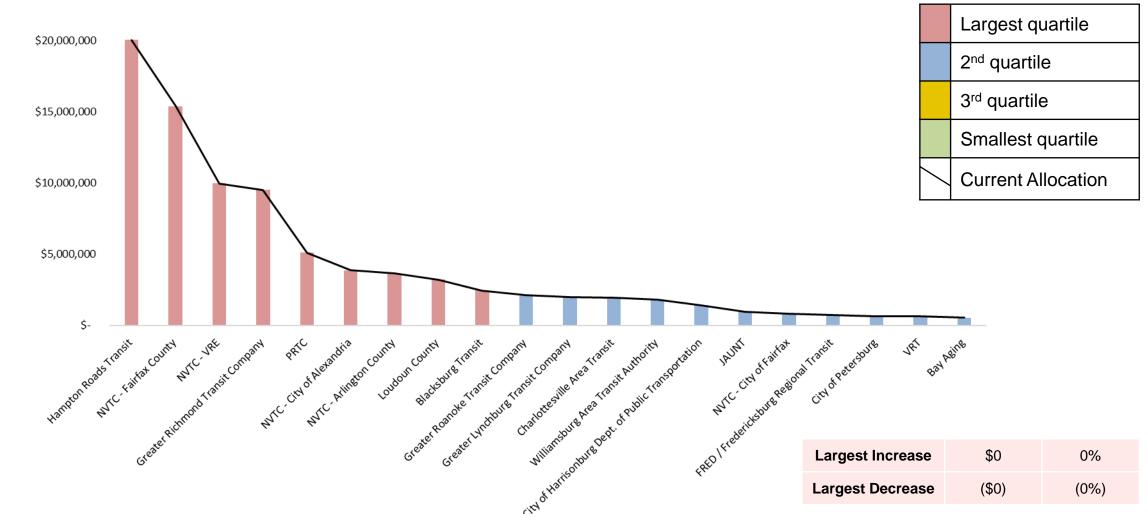
FY19 Actual Allocation of Operating Assistance to Virginia Transit Agencies





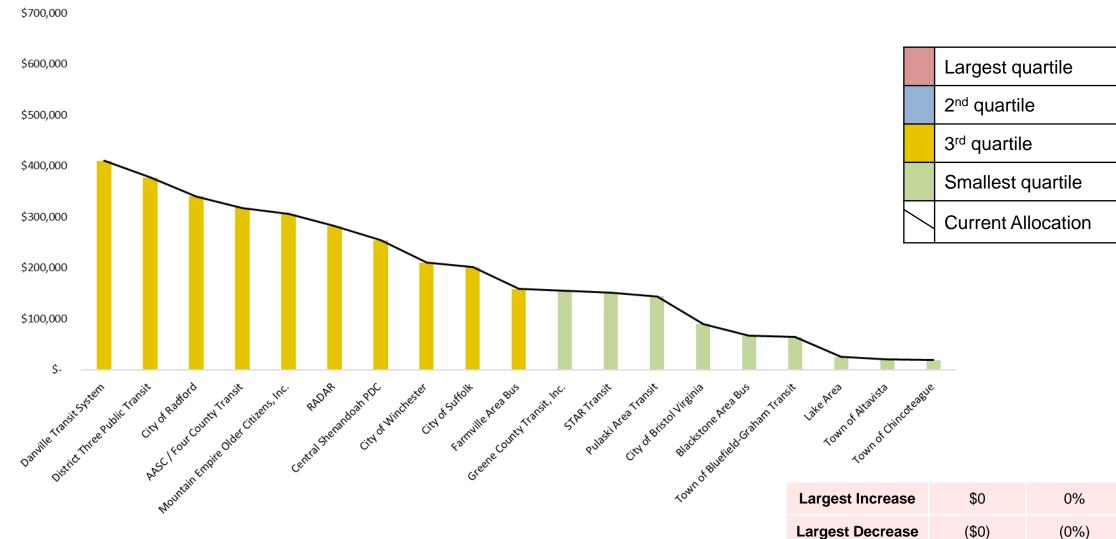
FY19 Actual Allocation of Operating Assistance: 1st and 2nd Quartile Agencies

\$25,000,000



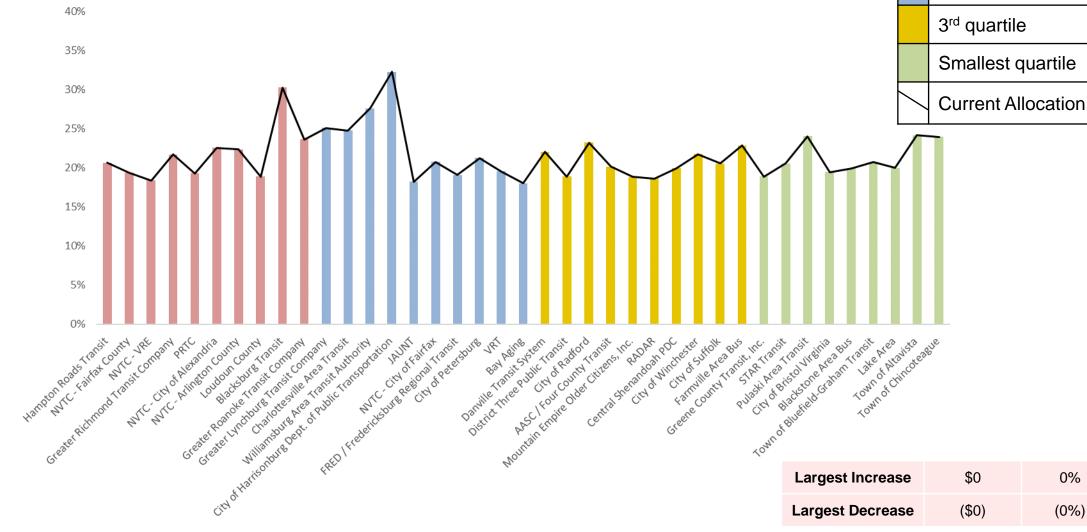


FY19 Actual Allocation of Operating Assistance: 3rd and 4th Quartile Agencies





FY19 Actual Allocation of Operating Assistance as Percentage of Operating Cost by Transit Agency



Largest quartile

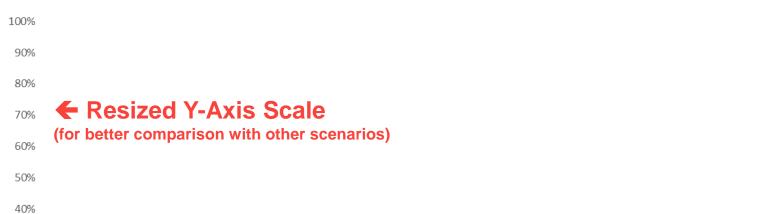
0%

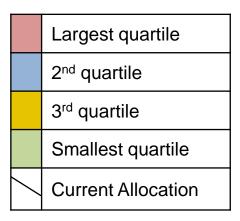
(0%)

(\$0)

Largest Decrease

2nd quartile





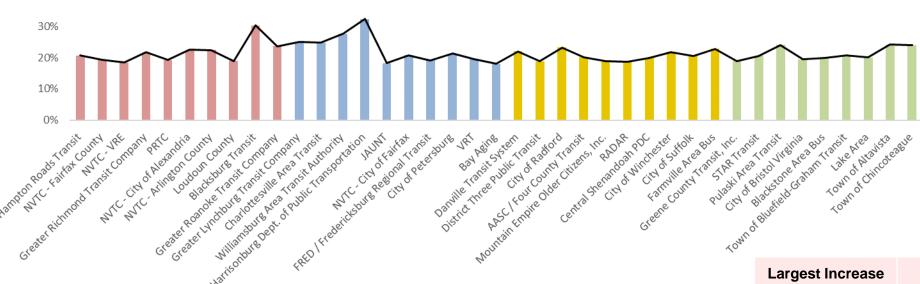
\$0

(\$0)

Largest Decrease

0%

(0%)





Scenarios

Allocation Scenarios

Scenario Name	Pax / RVH	Pax / RVM	Net Cost / Pax	Cost / RVH	Cost / RVM	Cost / Pax
C-Capped	25%	25%	50%			
Variation 1	25%	25%				50%
Variation 2			50%	25%	25%	
Variation 3				25%	25%	50%
Variation 4	20%	20%		20%	20%	20%



Scenario C-Capped

Performance Metrics:

25% Pax / RVH

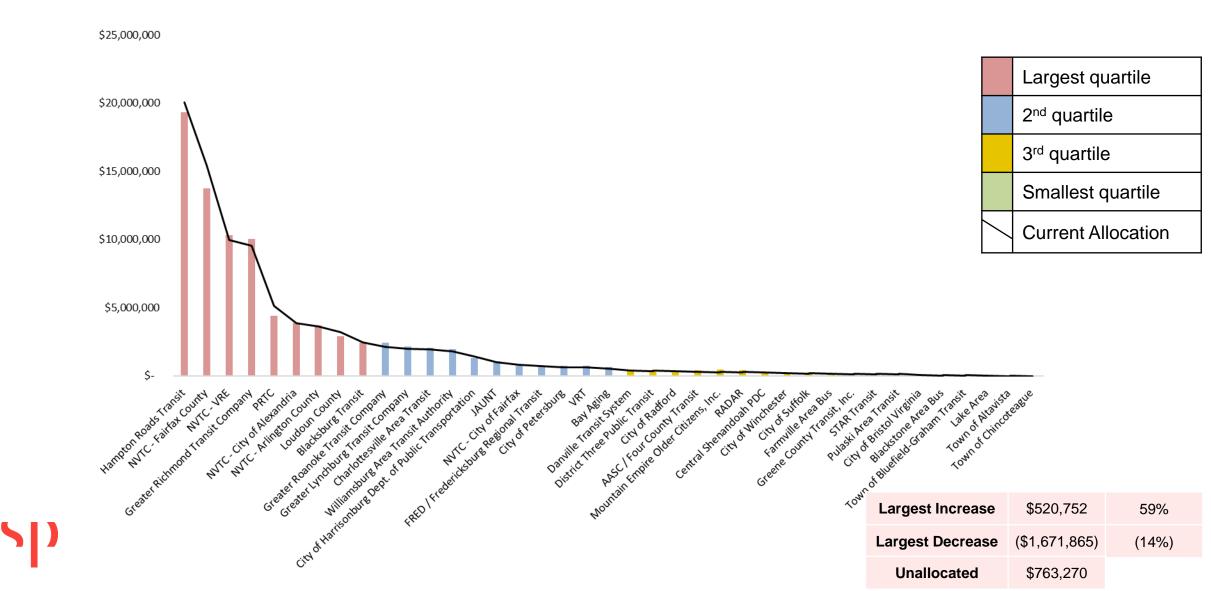
25% Pax / RVM

50 % Net Cost / Pax



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Scenario C-Capped Projected Operating Assistance Allocations by Agency Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19

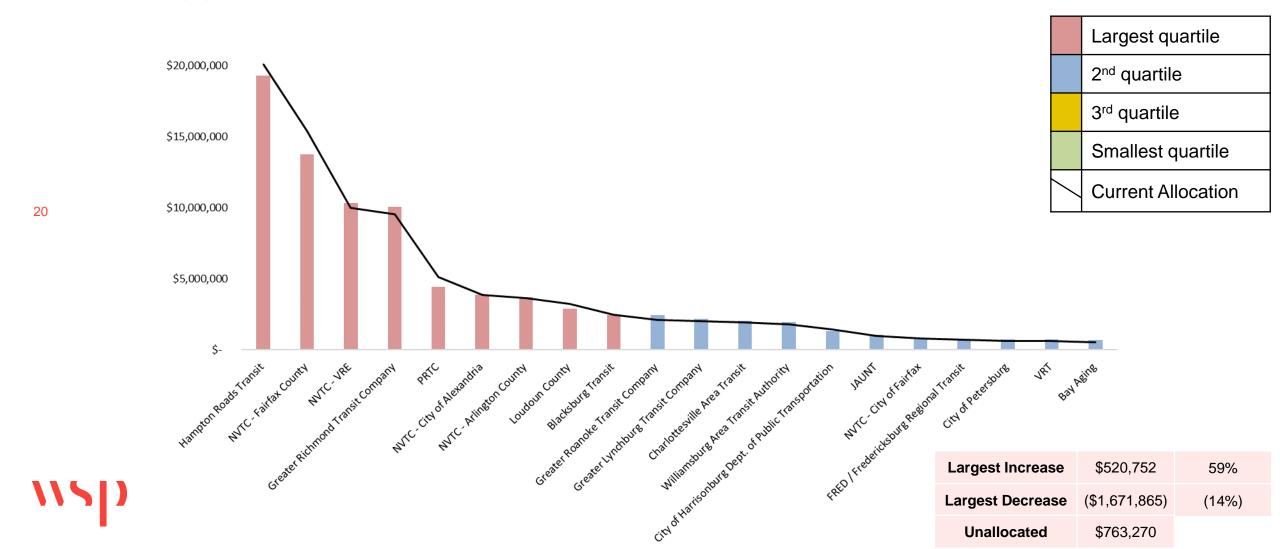


Scenario C-Cap 25% Pax / RVH

Scenario C-Capped Projected Operating Assistance Allocations: Net Cost / Pax and 2nd Quartile Agencies

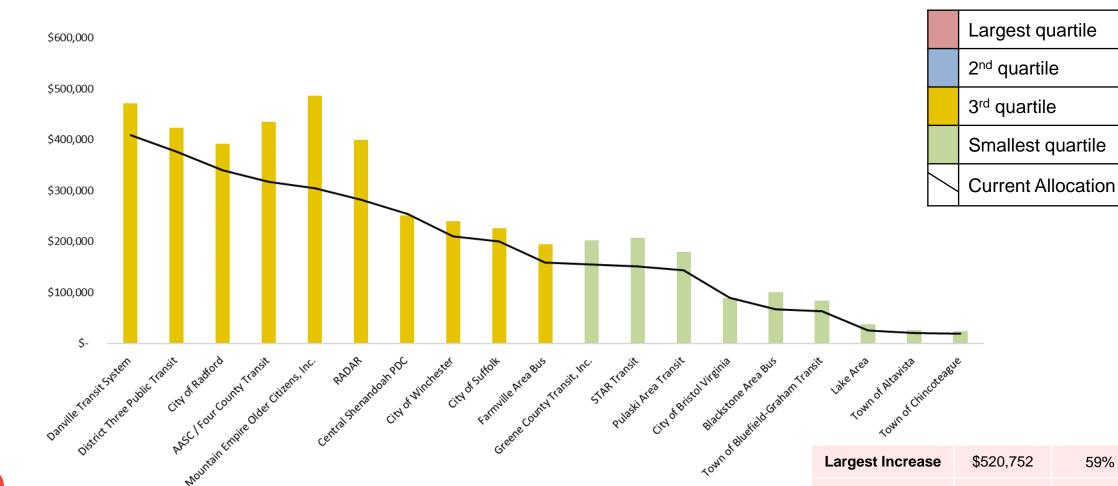
Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19

\$25,000,000



Scenario C-Capped Projected Operating Assistance Allocations: 3rd and 4th Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19 \$700,000



59%

(14%)

(\$1,671,865)

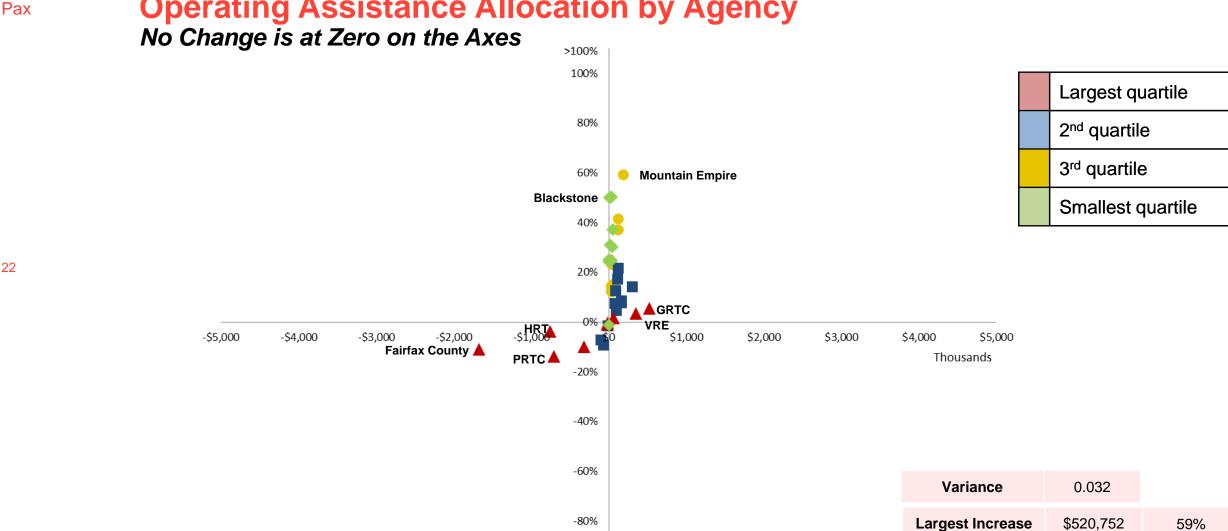
\$763,270

Largest Decrease

Unallocated



Scenario C-Capped Projected Variance from Actual FY19 Operating Assistance Allocation by Agency



-100%

Largest Decrease

Unallocated

(\$1,671,865)

\$763,270

(14%)



100%

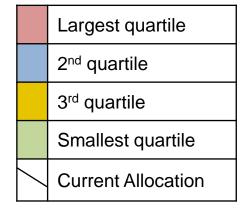
90%

80%

70%

Scenario C-Capped Operating Assistance as % of Operating Cost by Agency

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19



59%

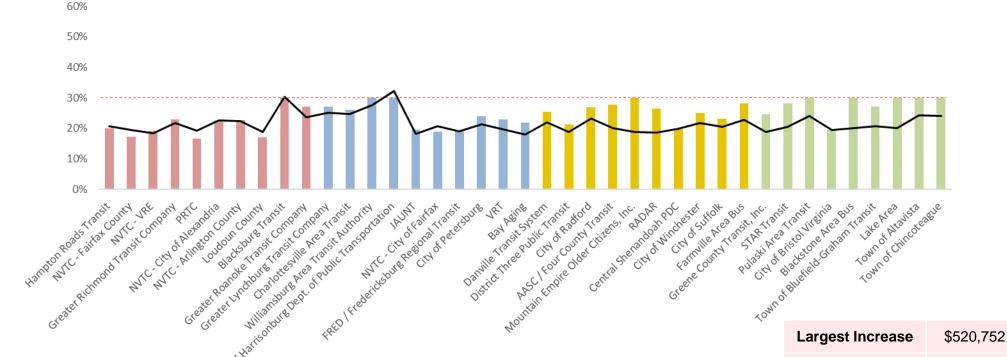
(14%)

(\$1,671,865)

\$763,270

Largest Decrease

Unallocated





Performance Metrics: 25% Pax / RVH

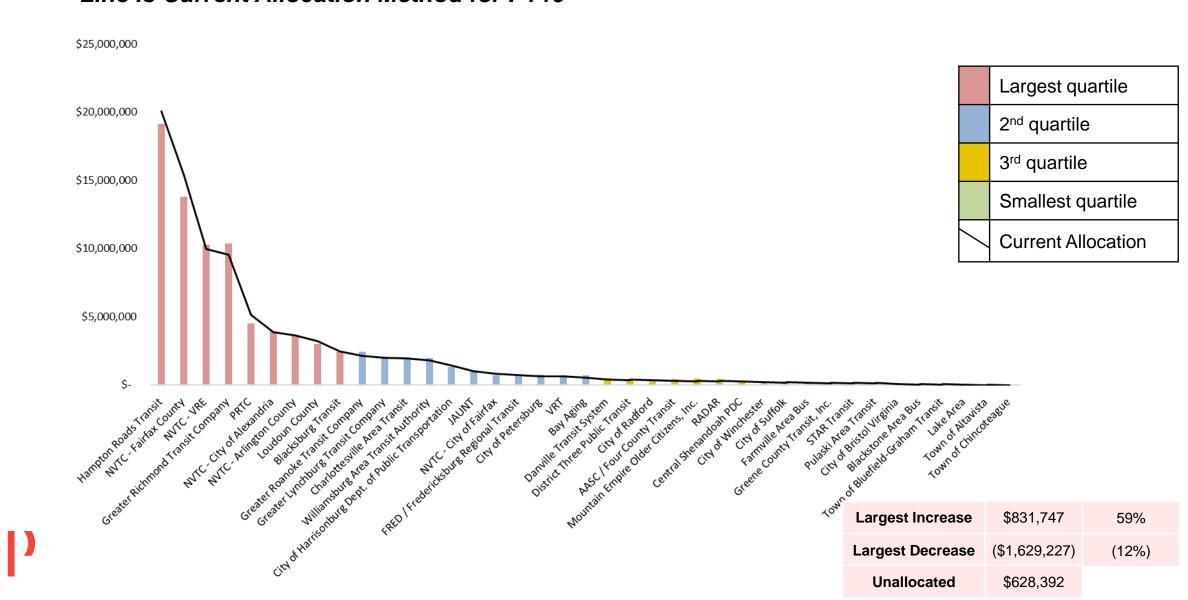
25% Pax / RVM

50 % Op Cost / Pax



25

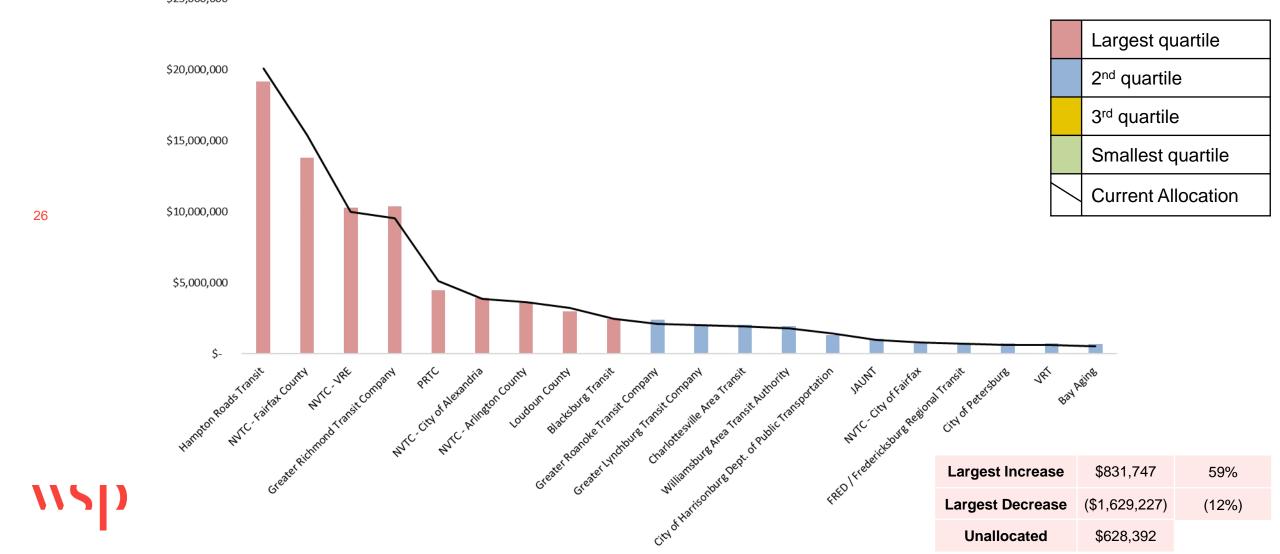
Variation 1 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations by Agency Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19



Variation 1 25% Pax / RVH 25% Pax / RVM 50 % Cost / Pax

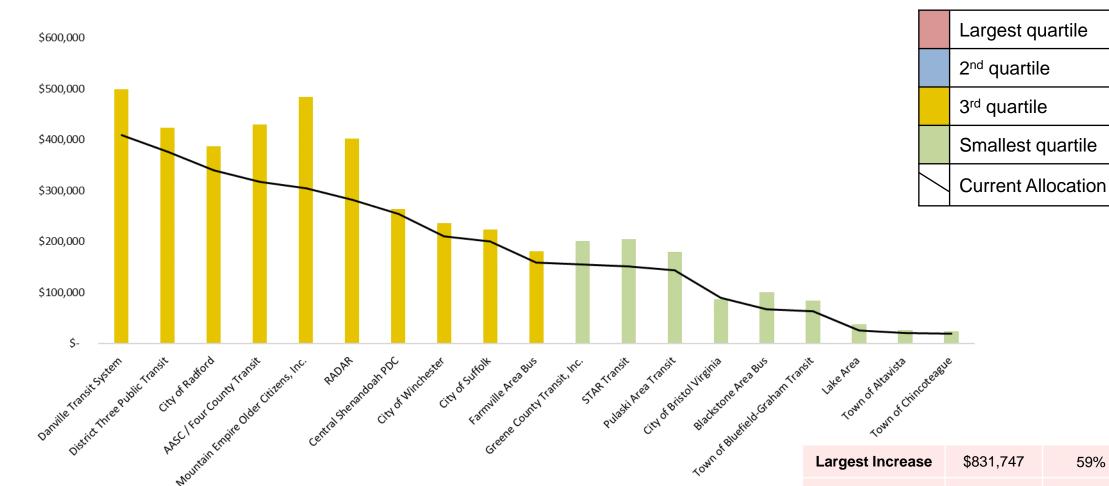
Variation 1 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations: 1st and 2nd Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19
\$25,000,000



Variation 1 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations: 3rd and 4th Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19



59%

(12%)

(\$1,629,227)

\$628,392

Largest Decrease

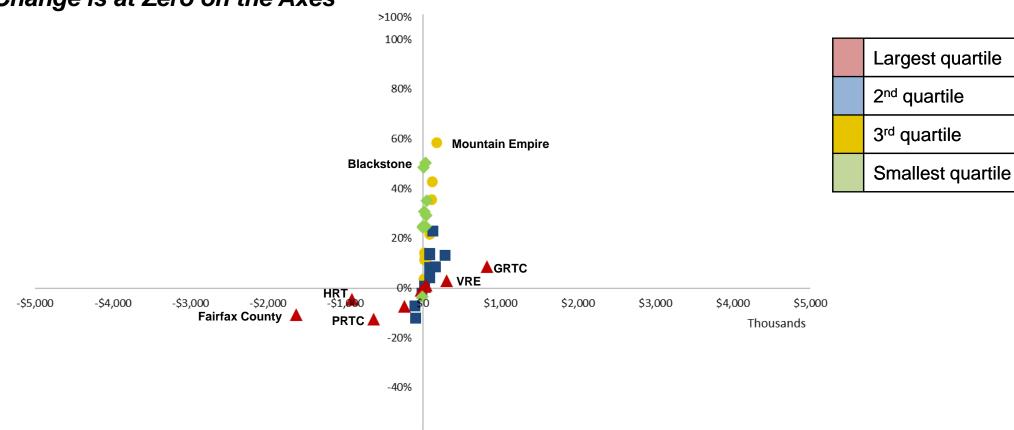
Unallocated



Variation 1 25% Pax / RVH 25% Pax / RVM 50 % Cost / Pax

Variation 1 - Projected Variance from Actual FY19 Operating Assistance Allocation by Agency





-60%

-80%

-100%



Variance	0.031	
Largest Increase	\$831,747	59%
Largest Decrease	(\$1,629,227)	(12%)
Unallocated	\$628 392	

100%

90%

80%

70%

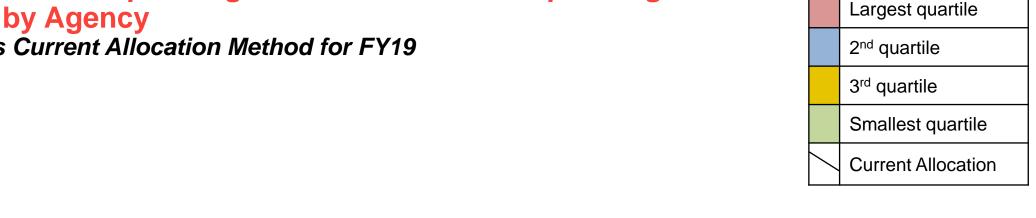
60%

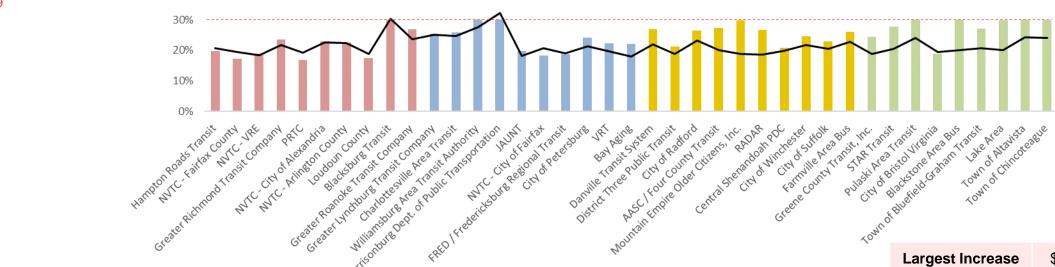
50%

40%

Variation 1 - Operating Assistance as % of Operating **Cost by Agency**

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19





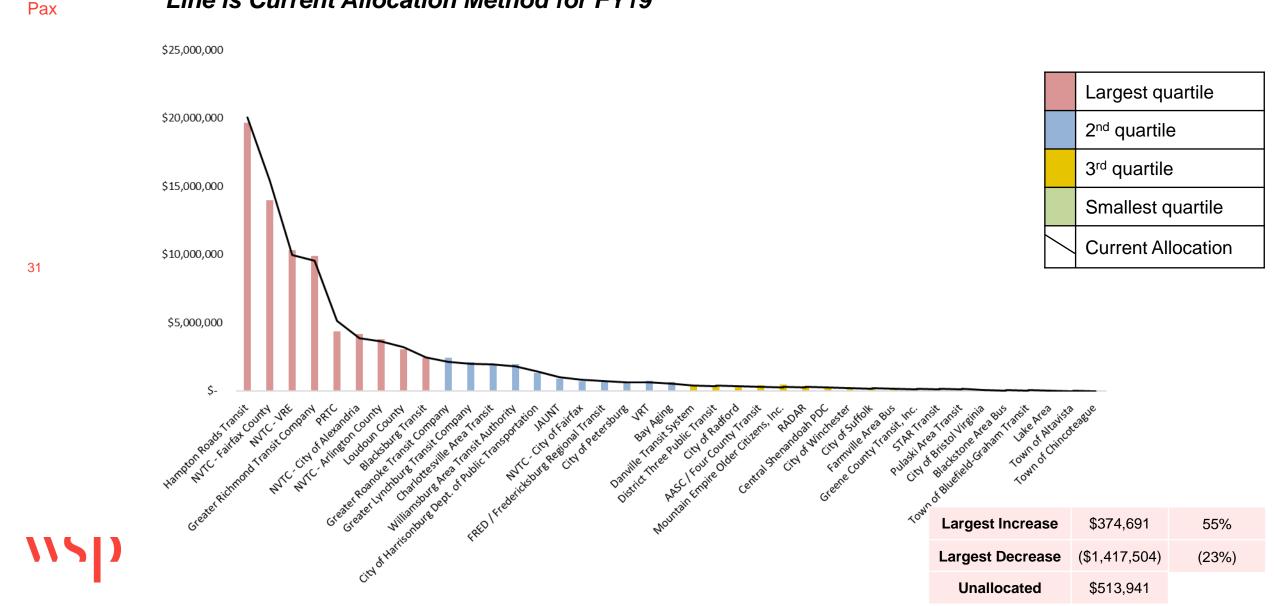


Largest Increase \$831,747 59% **Largest Decrease** (\$1,629,227)(12%)Unallocated \$628,392

Performance Metrics: 25% Op Cost / RVH 25% Op Cost / RVM 50 % Net Cost / Pax



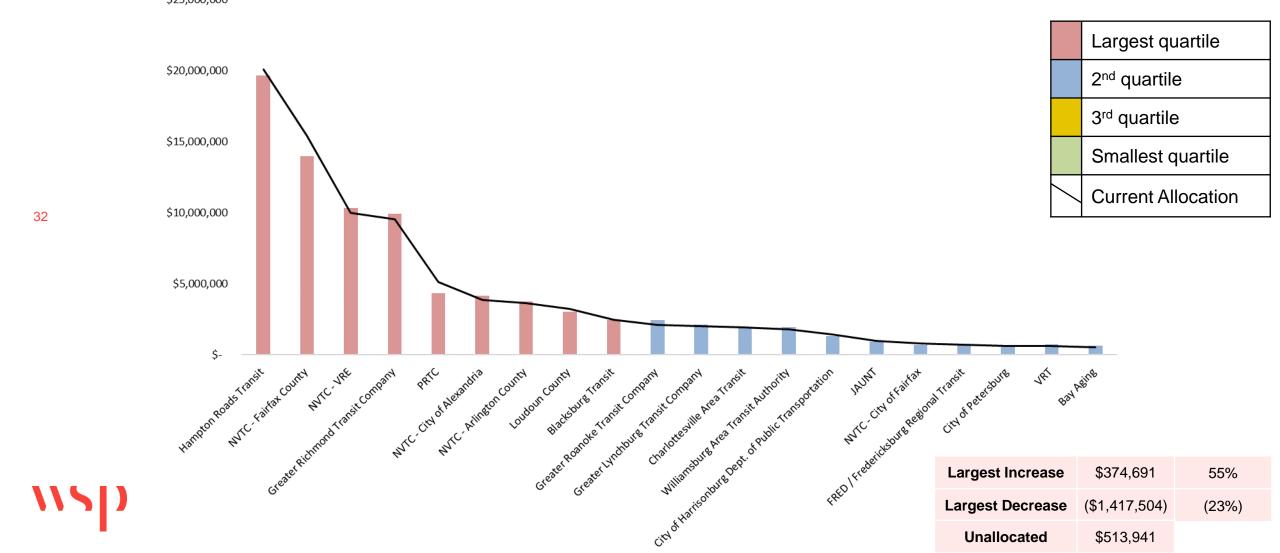
25% Cost / RVM Variation 2 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations by Agency Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19



25% Cost / RVH

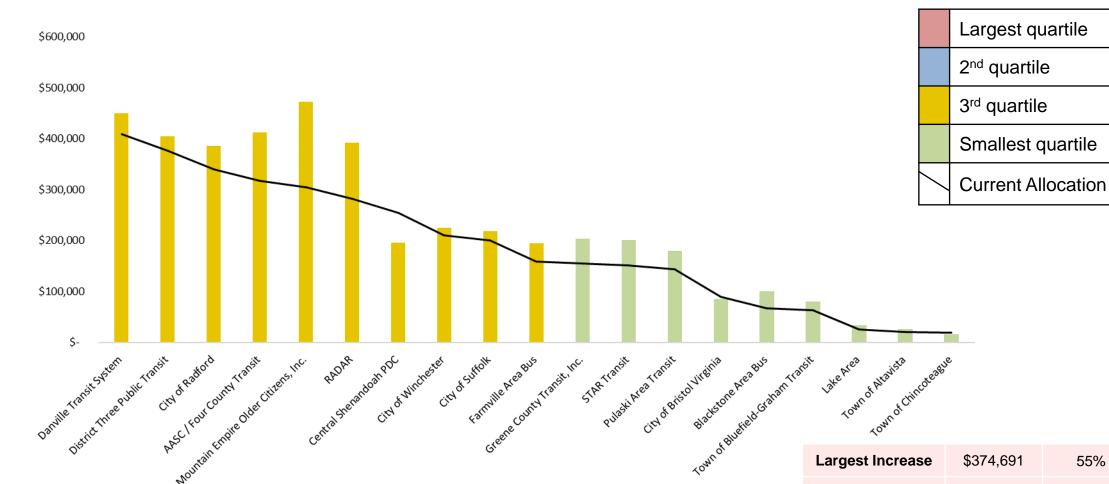
25% Cost / RVM Variation 2 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations: 50 % Net Cost / Pax and 2nd Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19 \$25,000,000



25% Cost / RVM Variation 2 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations: 3rd and 4th Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19



55%

(23%)

(\$1,417,504)

\$513,941

Largest Decrease

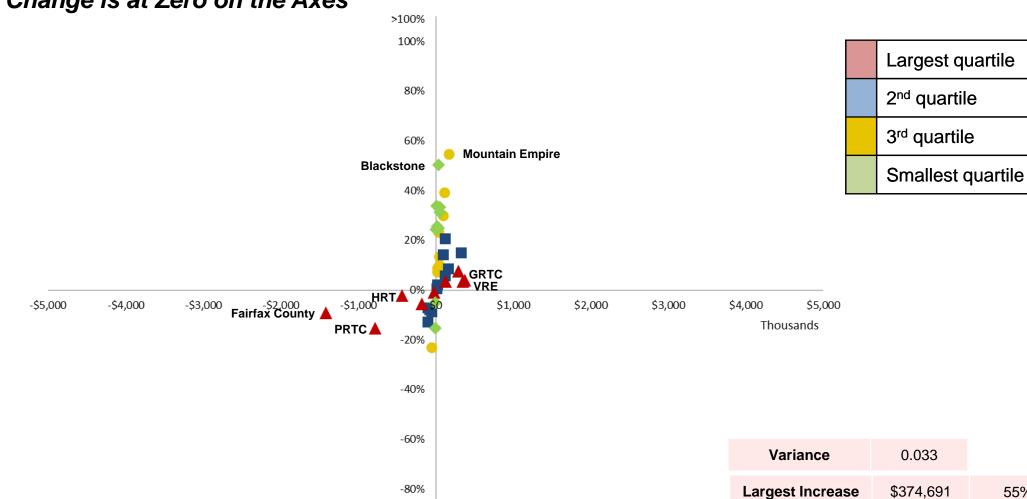
Unallocated



25% Cost / RVH 50 % Net Cost / Pax

25% Cost / RVM Variation 2 - Projected Variance from Actual FY19 **Operating Assistance Allocation by Agency**





-100%

\$374,691

(\$1,417,504)

\$513,941

Largest Decrease

Unallocated

55%

(23%)



25% Cost / RVH 50 % Net Cost / Pax

100%

90%

80%

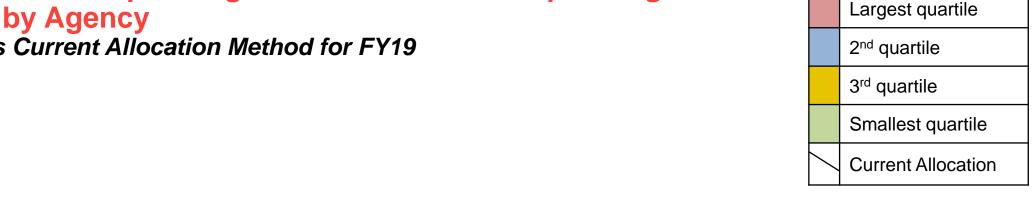
70%

60%

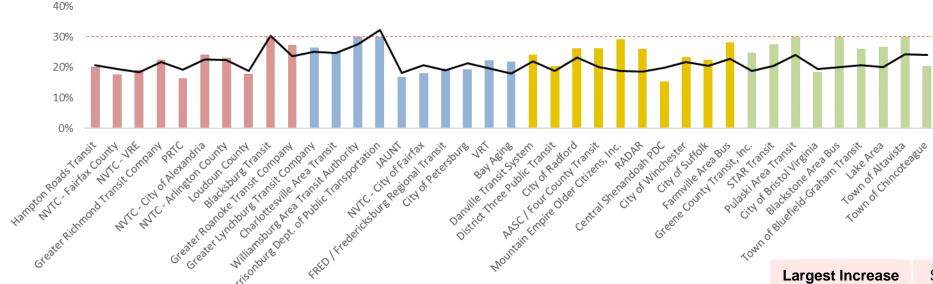
50%

25% Cost / RVM Variation 2 - Operating Assistance as % of Operating **Cost by Agency**

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19







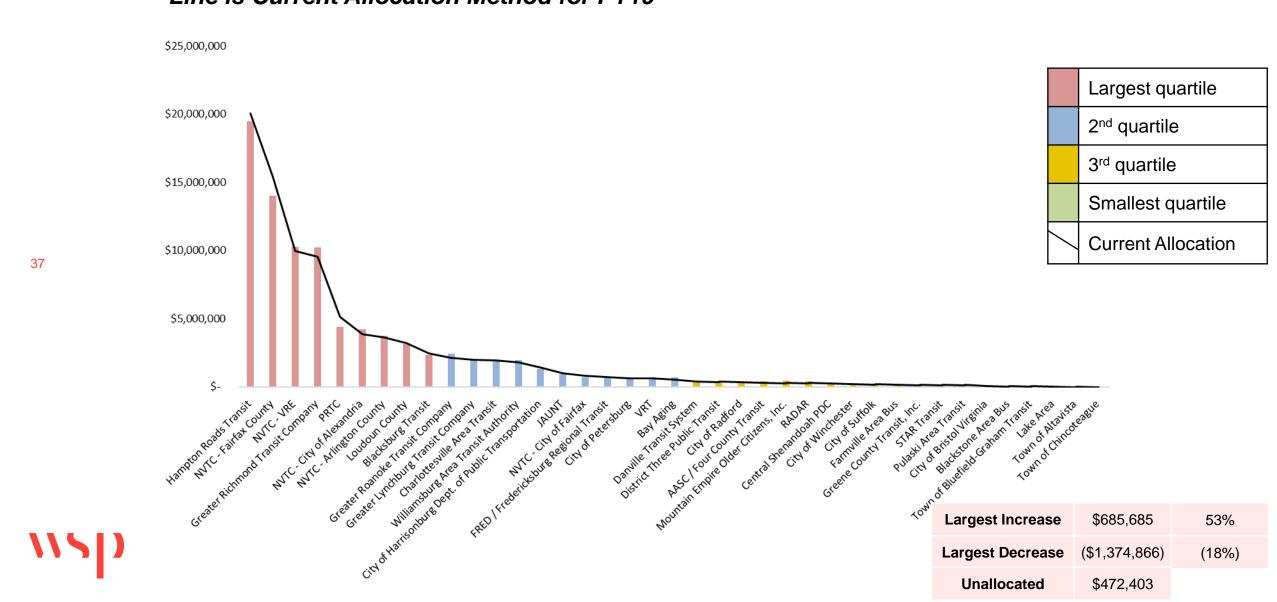


Largest Increase \$374,691 55% **Largest Decrease** (\$1,417,504)(23%)Unallocated \$513,941

Performance Metrics: 25% Op Cost / RVH 25% Op Cost / RVM 50 % Op Cost / Pax



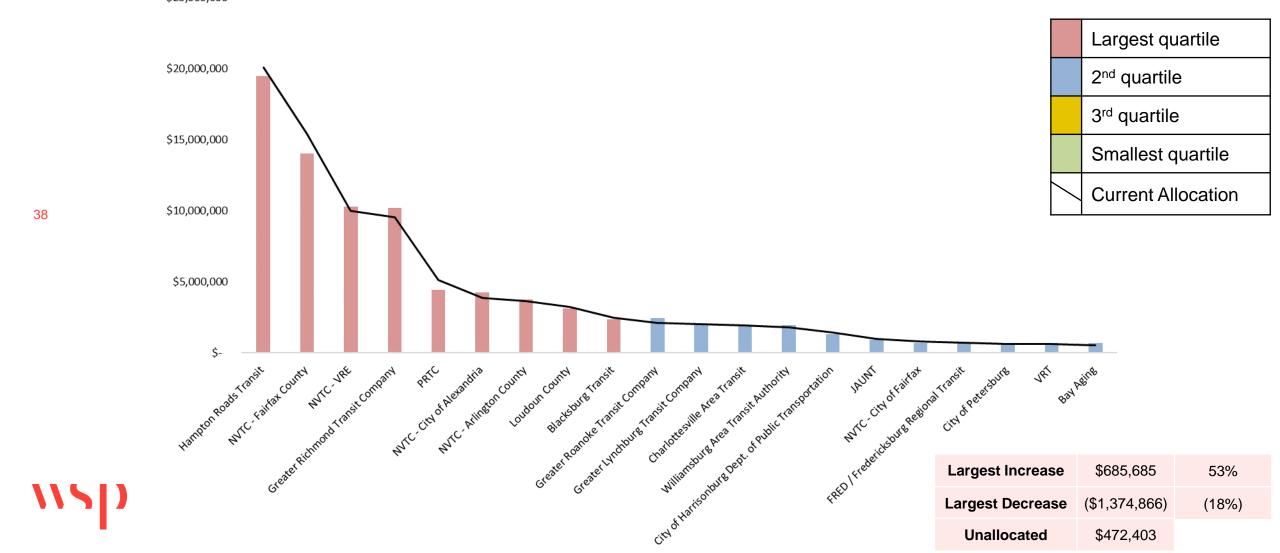
25% Cost / RVM Variation 3 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations by Agency Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19



25% Cost / RVH 50 % Cost / Pax

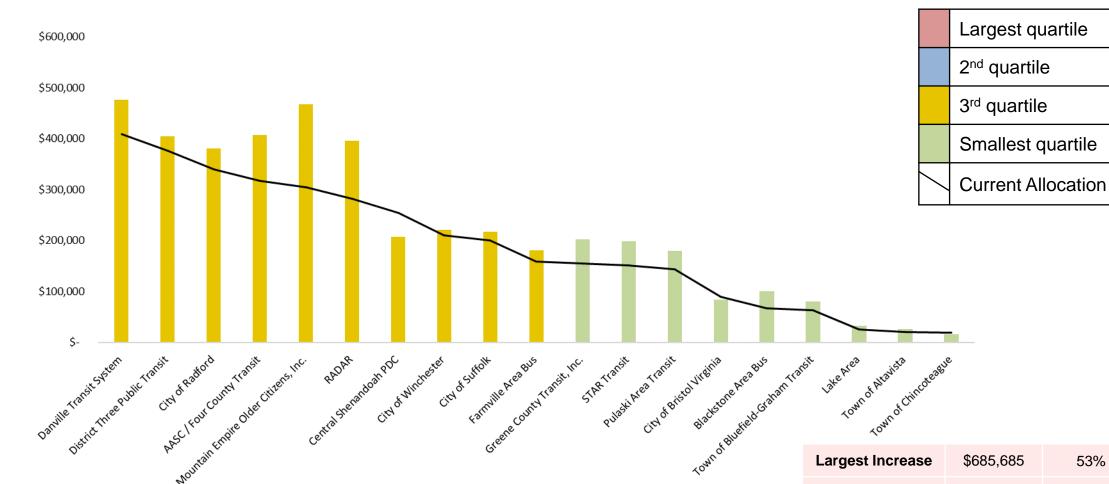
25% Cost / RVM Variation 3 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations: 1st and 2nd Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19 \$25,000,000



25% Cost / RVM Variation 3 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations: 3rd and 4th Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19



53%

(18%)

(\$1,374,866)

\$472,403

Largest Decrease

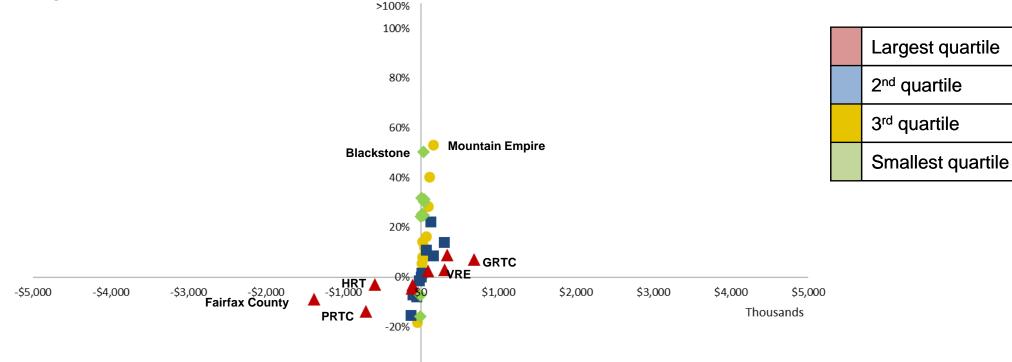
Unallocated



25% Cost / RVH 50 % Cost / Pax

25% Cost / RVM Variation 3 - Projected Variance from Actual FY19 **Operating Assistance Allocation by Agency**





-40%

-60%

-80%

-100%



Variance	0.031	
Largest Increase	\$685,685	53%
Largest Decrease	(\$1,374,866)	(18%)
Unallocated	\$472,403	

25% Cost / RVH 50 % Cost / Pax

100%

90%

80%

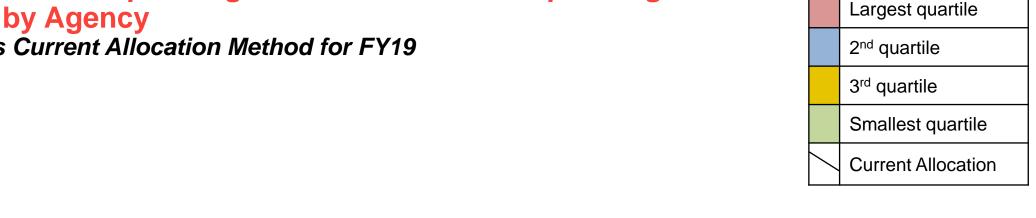
70%

60%

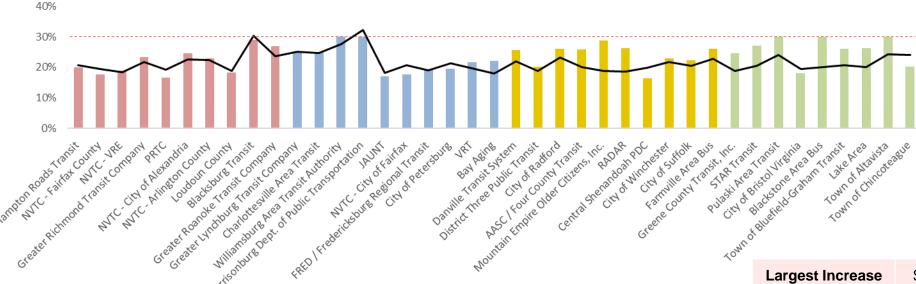
50%

25% Cost / RVM Variation 3 - Operating Assistance as % of Operating **Cost by Agency**

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19









Largest Increase \$685,685 53% **Largest Decrease** (\$1,374,866)(18%)Unallocated \$472,403

Performance Metrics:

20% Pax / RVH

20% Pax / RVM

20% Op Cost / RVH

20% Op Cost / RVM

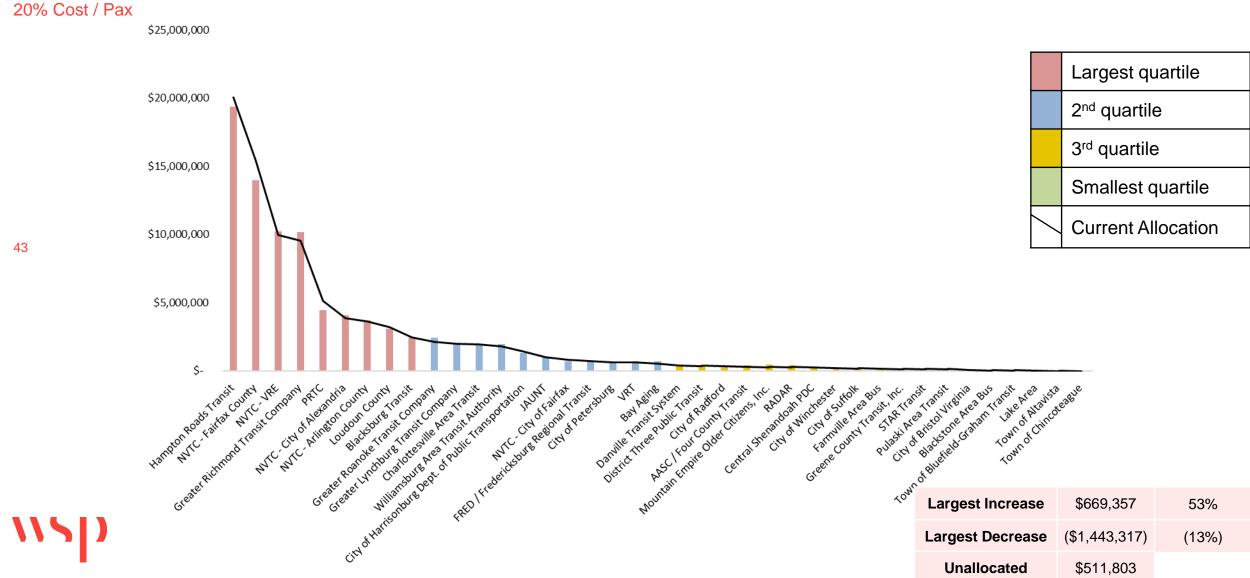
20% Op Cost / Pax



Variation 4 20% Pax / RVH 20% Pax / RVM 20% Cost / RVH 20% Cost / RVM

Variation 4 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations by Agency Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19



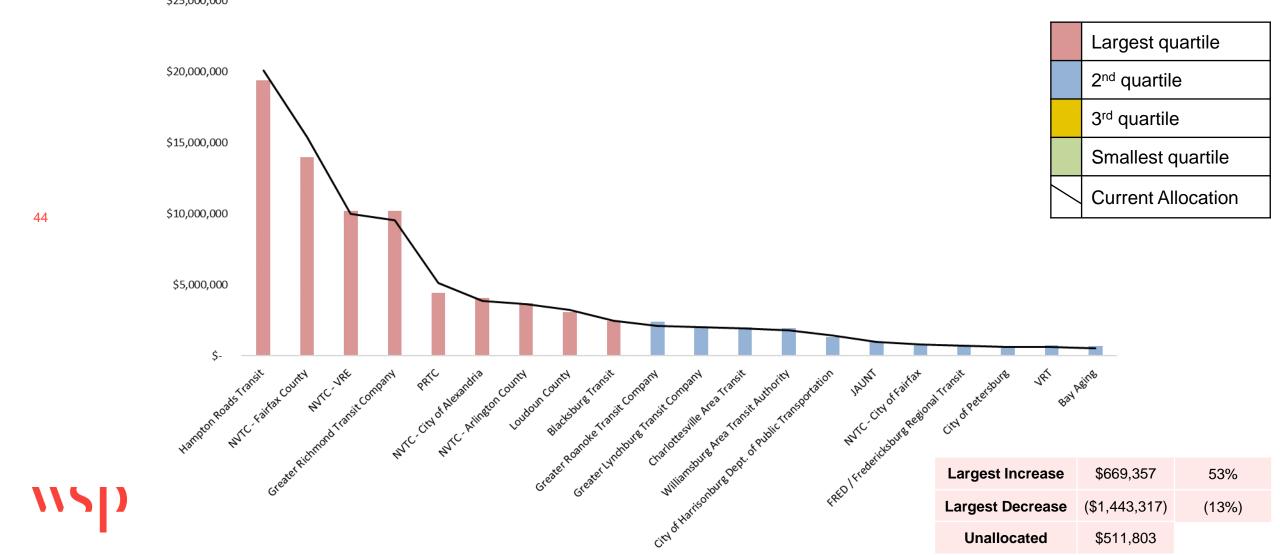


Variation 4 20% Pax / RVH 20% Pax / RVM 20% Cost / RVH

20% Cost / Pax

Variation 4 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations: 20% Cost / RVM 1st and 2nd Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19 \$25,000,000

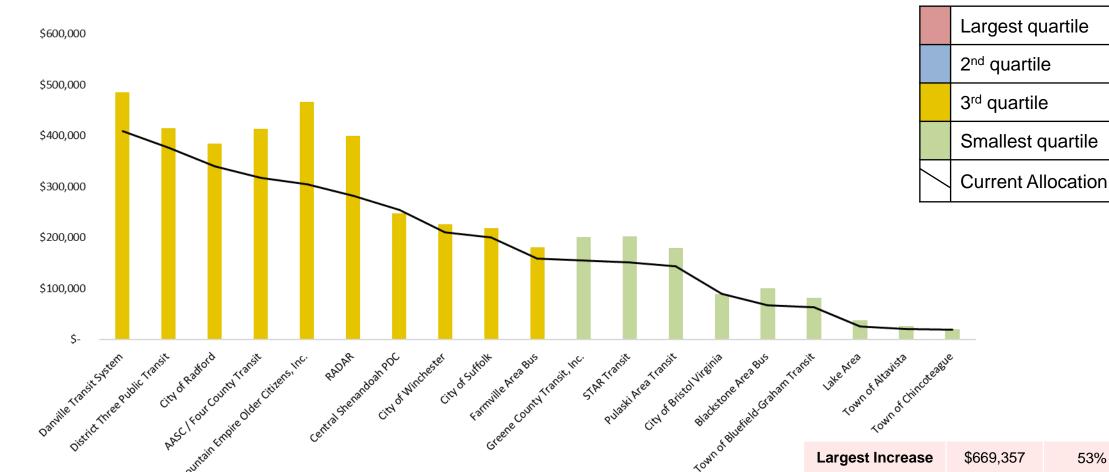


Variation 4 20% Pax / RVH 20% Pax / RVM 20% Cost / RVH 20% Cost / RVM

20% Cost / Pax

Variation 4 - Projected Operating Assistance Allocations: 3rd and 4th Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19



53%

(13%)

(\$1,443,317)

\$511,803

Largest Decrease

Unallocated

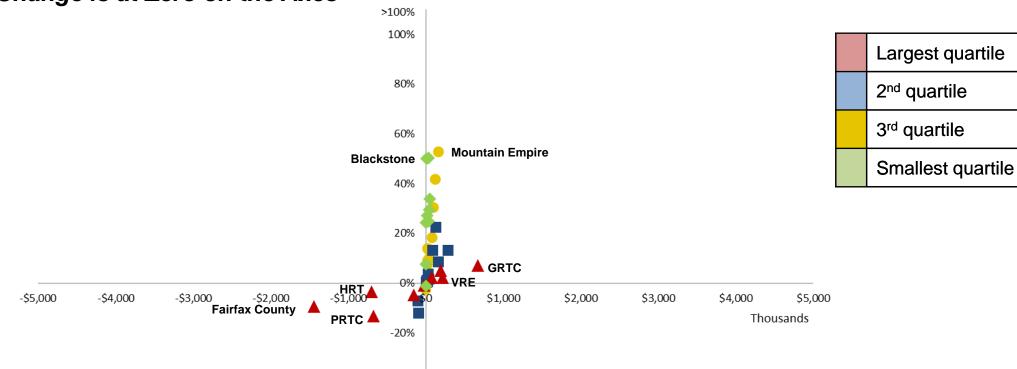


20% Pax / RVH 20% Pax / RVM 20% Cost / RVH 20% Cost / RVM

20% Pax / RVM Variation 4 - Projected Variance from Actual FY19

20% Cost / RVM Operating Assistance Allocation by Agency

20% Cost / Pax No Change is at Zero on the Axes



-40%

-60%

-80%

-100%



Variance	0.029	
Largest Increase	\$669,357	53%
Largest Decrease	(\$1,443,317)	(13%)
Unallocated	\$511,803	

20% Pax / RVH 20% Pax / RVM 20% Cost / RVH 20% Cost / Pax

100%

90%

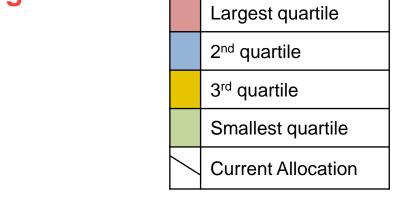
80%

70%

60%

Variation 4 - Operating Assistance as % of Operating 20% Cost / RVM Cost by Agency

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19



Largest Decrease

Unallocated

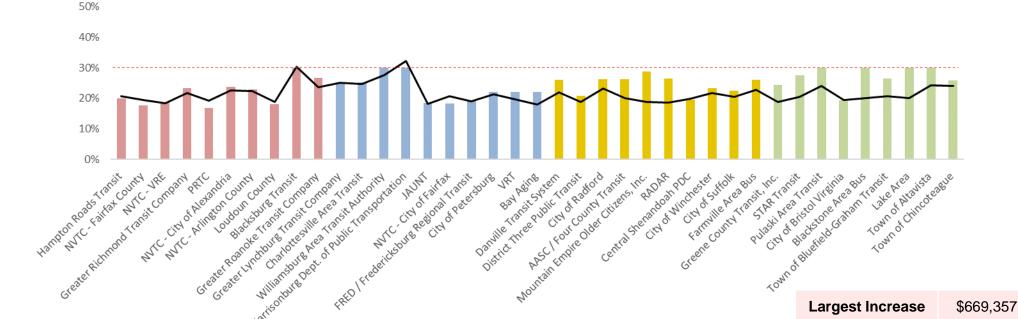
53%

(13%)

(\$1,443,317)

\$511,803







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Allocation Scenarios – Summary Results

Scenario Name	Variance	Unallocated
C-Capped. Cost, Ridership, Revenue Hours, Revenue Miles – 50/30/10/10 % – <i>Capped 30%</i>	0.032	\$763,270
Variation 1	0.031	\$628,392
Variation 2	0.033	\$513,941
Variation 3	0.031	\$472,403
Variation 4	0.029	\$511,803



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Summary

- All scenarios present similar low variances (driven primarily by choice of sizing metrics)
- Variations 2, 3 and 4 present similar amounts of unallocated funds (around \$500k)
- Variation 4, with 5 metrics at 20% each, presents the lowest variance
- Variation 3, which only uses cost-based performance adjustment metrics, presents the lowest amount of unallocated funds



Next Steps

— Determine preferred performance metrics approach

— Finalize overall approach



